

Sector-7 (Extn.) Gurugram (HR.)

WINTER HOLIDAY'S HOMEWORK

SESSION: 2024-2025

CLASS - VIII



Winter vacation is a time to relax and celebrate the time in the company of your family, friends and celebrate New Year with your family. During the winter season, everyone enjoys sweets, cakes, and delicious dishes made by your mother.

Please take note of the following suggestions:

- Encourage your child to converse in English.
- > Encourage your child to watch informative program on television.
- > Help them revise all the concepts done so far.
- > Parents are requested to only guide their children while doing their Sample Paper.

POLE STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL SECTOR-7 EXTN.GURUGRAM, HARYANA SAMPLE PAPER (2024-2025)

Class- VIII M.M- 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Subject- English Time-3 Hours

- ➤ This paper is divided into three sections: A, B and C. All questions are compulsory.
- Separate instructions are given with each section and question wherever necessary. Read these instructions very carefully and follow them.
- Do not exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.

SECTION- A (READING)

1. Read the passage below and answer the questions that follows.

(12)

Mount Everest, standing tall at 8,848 meters above sea level, is the highest peak in the world. Located in the Himalayas, on the border between Nepal and Tibet, it has been a fascination for adventurers and climbers since its first summit in 1953 by Sir Edmund Hillary and Tenzing Norgay. The mountain is known as "Chomolungma" in Tibetan, meaning "Goddess Mother of the World," reflecting its awe-inspiring presence and spiritual significance to the local Sherpa people.

Despite its allure, conquering Everest is an extreme challenge. The treacherous conditions, including freezing temperatures, thin air, and unpredictable weather, have claimed many lives over the years. Climbers face not only physical but also mental challenges as they ascend through different climate zones, battling altitude sickness and exhaustion.

The allure of Everest extends beyond climbers. It serves as a crucial source of income for Nepal, with thousands of tourists visiting the region annually to trek to base camp or simply to catch a glimpse of the awe-inspiring peak. However, this influx of visitors also poses environmental challenges, with concerns about litter, waste disposal, and the impact of human presence on the delicate ecosystem of the Himalayas.

- a) Where is Mount Everest located?
- b) What is the local Tibetan name for Mount Everest, and what does it mean?
- c) Who were the first climbers to summit Mount Everest?
- d) What are some challenges that climbers face while attempting to climb Everest?
- e) How does Mount Everest contribute to the economy of Nepal?
- f) What are some environmental concerns related to tourism around Mount Everest?

2. Read the poem carefully and answer the following:

(8)

A friend is one who stands to share Your every touch of grief and care He comes by chance, but stays by choice Your praises he is quick to voice. No grievous fault or passing whim Can make an enemy of him And though your need be great or small His strength is yours throughout it all. No matter where your path may turn Your welfare is his chief concern No matter what your dream may be He prays your triumph soon to see. There is no wish your tongue can tell But what is your friend's as well The life of him who has a friend Is double-guarded to the end.

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i) Fill in the blanks:	
A true friend is someone who (a) our joys and sorrows. We find sucl	n friends
only by (b) but it is up to us how long they stay our friends. True friends.	
ignore our (c) and whims and prove to be our strength in times of ne	
matter where we go in life, they are always (d) about our welfare.	
always pray that our dreams may come true and that we may (e) in li	
Whatever we wish to happen, they (f) it, too. Such friends make us	
doubly (g) throughout our life.	
ii) Give a suitable title to the poem.	
<u>SECTION - B (WRITING & GRAMMAR)</u>	
3. Write a diary entry on meeting an old friend.	(5)
4. Write a letter to your friend describing the winter season in a hill station you visited in all	out 120
words.	(5)
5. Complete the story with an outline given:	
You were sleeping in your room. You heard some strange noise. And suddenly…	(5)
6. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs given in the brackets:	(3)
a) The police four thieves last night. (catch)	
b) It since 9 o'clock. (rain)	
c) Mahesh tomorrow from Patna. (come)	
d) I was food when he came in. (cook)	
e) Water on heating. (evaporate)	
f) Stars in the sky at night. (twinkle)	
7.Fill in the blanks with appropriate Modals:	(2)
a) You (shall/will) not be permitted to stay here.	
b) He (might/would) come today.	
c) I don't think the paper (will/shall) be very difficult.	
d) She (might/would) have left her purse in the bus.	
8.Fill in the blanks with 'within', 'in', 'on', 'into', 'at', 'on' :-	(2)
a) The lion was sitting his den.	` ,
b) Can you read what is written this label?	
c) The puppy climbed my knee while I was sleeping.	
d) The ceremony will take place Hotel Awadh Clarke.	
9.Fill in the blanks with appropriate conjunction:	(4)
a) You should upload your photograph send us a digital image.	()
b) Rubina is a talented musician a good photographer.	
c) Mohit ate toast and egg Sunil had cucumber sandwiches.	
d) The new app is user-friendly useful.	
10.Change the following sentences into Indirect Speech:	(4)
a) She said to me, "I never saw an octopus before".	(-)
b) He said, "Rohit has a cute puppy".	
c) They said, "The boys will swim tomorrow".	
d) I said to him, "Keep your material at proper place".	
SECTION – C(LITERATURE)	
OLOTION - O(LITERATORE)	
11. Give the meanings and make sentences :-regret, sparse, legend, slightest.	(2)
	` '

12.Read the following extract and answer the following questions:

(6)

Did he never hear from his own mother stories of giants and fairies and princesses? Has he forgotten them all?

Often when he gets late for his bath, you have to call him a hundred times.

- a) Why the child is not happy with his father?
- b) What does the child's father forget?
- c) Name and the poet and poem.

13. Answer the following in 30-35 words only:

(3x4=12)

- a) The traveller stood 'perplexed and still'. Give a reason.
- b) Pick lines from the text that prove the fact that Claudius was a hardworking and determined sportsman.
- c) With no pen available at his time, what tool did the great writer use to write?
- d) Bring out the shocking connection between the death of Mr. Wall and the patch on the wall.
- **14.** Do you agree that the king was semi- barbaric? Why?

(5)

15. List some of the significant initiatives that Jim took to conserve India's wildlife. (5)

पोल स्टार पब्लिक स्कूल सेक्टर 7 एक्सटेंशन गुरूग्राम (हरियाणा)

कक्षा - आठवीं

अधिन्यास परीक्षा (2024-2025)

विषय - हिंदी

कुल अंक - 80

समय: 3 घंटे

सामान्य निर्देश:

- > सभी प्रश्नों के उतर देना अनिवार्य है।
- > लेख सुंदर व स्पष्ट लिखे ।

(खंड - क) (अपठित- गद्यांश)

1.निम्नलिखित गद्यांशों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर सही उत्तर च्नकर लिखिए-

1x5=5

भारत त्योहारों का देश है । यहाँ खुशी और उपलब्धि का हर अवसर उत्सव या त्योहार के रूप में मनाया जाता है । दक्षिण भारत में मनाए जानेवाले कृषि - पर्वों में पोंगल का विशेष महत्व है । तमिलनाडु में धान की फसल कटने की खुशी में पोंगल का त्योहार मनाया जाता है । पोंगल जनवरी मास के में मनाया जाता है । यह तमिल कैलेंडर के अनुसार तई नामक मास की प्रथमा को मनाया जाता है । यह सूर्य के उत्तरायन में होने का सूचक है । माना जाता है कि इस दिन से सूर्य भूमध्य रेखा से उत्तर दिशा की ओर जाने लगता है । पोंगल से पहले का दिन बोगी कहलाता है ।

- (क) पोंगल किस देश का त्योहार है ?
 - (i) केराल
- (ii) तामिलनाड्
- (iii) कर्नाटक
- (iv) हिमाचल प्रदेश

- (ख) पोंगल किस महीने में मनाया जाता है ?
 - (i) जनवरी
- (ii) मार्च

- (iii) सितंबर
- (iv) फरवरी
- (ग) पोंगल तमिल कैलंडर के अन्सार नामक मास को मनाया जाता है ।
 - (i) म्लर्इ
- (ii) तई

(iii) परी

(iv) मारगली

(घ)पोंगल के दिन सूर्य भूमध्य रेखा से किस दिशा की ओर जाने लगता है ?

- (i)दक्षिण
- (ii) पूर्व

(iii)उत्तर

(iv) पश्चिम

- (ङ) पोंगल के पहले दिन को क्या कहते है?
 - (i) पोंगल
- (ii) बोगी

- (iii)माट्टू पोंगल
- (iv) कारतिकाई

2. निम्नलिखित गद्यांशों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर सही उत्तर चुनकर लिखिए-

(1x5=5)

डर अथवा भय ऐसी चीज़ है जिसके लाभ तो अवश्य हैं,पर हानि भी कम नहीं है। यदि मनुष्य के मन में भय न हो तो वह आग में हाथ डालकर अपने को जला लेता। साथ ही वह बुरा से बुरा काम करने में भी नहीं हिचकता। अक्सर हम देखते हैं कि इसी डर के कारण बहुत से लोग ठीक काम भी नहीं कर पाते। उन्हें सदा यही डर लगा रहता है कि कोई उनके काम को बुरा न कह दे। यदि देखा जाए तो हर काम के बारे में हमेशा दो राय रहती है। कुछ लोग उसे ठीक समझते हैं और कुछ गलत। फिर सही और गलत का फ़ैसला कैसे हो? रूढ़ीवादी लोग पुरानी परिपाटी पर चलना उचित समझते हैं लेकिन ऐसा करने से विकास का रास्ता रुक जाता है। कहा भी जाता है कि सपूत अपनी राह स्वयं बनाते हैं। हर मनुष्य यही चाहता है कि वह बिना किसी कठिनाई के सुरक्षित जीवन जिए। जब भूचाल या अन्य कोई प्राकृतिक

अदृश्य शक्ति है जो हर किसी के साथ कहीं न कहीं विद्यमान है, उसके रहते डरने की जरूरत नहीं है। (क) डर के कारण बह्त से लोग ठीक काम क्यों नहीं कर पाते? (i) उन्हें यह डर रहता है कि कोई उनके काम को ब्रा न कह दे। (ii) उन्हें पीटे जाने का भय रहता है। (iii) अगर डर न हो तो लोग ब्रा काम करने से नहीं हिचकेंगे। (iv) सोच-विचारकर काम करने से ज्यादा फ़ायदे हैं। (ख) प्रानी परिपाटी पर चलने से क्या होता है? (i) लोग रूढ़ीवादी कहलाते हैं। (ii) विकास का रास्ता रुक जाता है। (iii) लोग स्रक्षित जीवन जीते हैं। (iv) डर नहीं लगता है। भूचाल में कोई व्यक्ति किस प्रकार बच जाता है? (i) उसे बचने का तरीका आता है। (ii) कोई अदृश्य शक्ति उसे बचाती है। वह जादू जानता है। भगवान का नाम स्मरण करता रहता है। (iv) (घ) डर अथवा भय के क्या लाभ हैं? (ii) उसे पारितोषिक मिलता है। वह ब्रा काम नहीं करता है। (iv) समाज में प्रतिष्ठा पाता है। नए नए अविष्कार करता है। (ङ) कौन अपनी राह स्वयं बनाता है? (i) डरपोक व्यक्ति (ii) साहसी व्यक्ति (iii) आलसी व्यक्ति (iv) सपूत 3. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर वाले विकल्प च्निए। (5) (क) गिलास नीचे गिरा और टूट गया। वाक्य का प्रकार च्निए। (i) संयुक्त वाक्य (iii) सरल वाक्य (iv) प्रधान वाक्य (ii) मिश्र वाक्य (ख) अंतिम छोर तक पह्ँचते ही द्वीप दो टुकड़ों में विभक्त हो चुका था। वाक्य का प्रकार चुनिए । (i) संयुक्त वाक्य (ii) मिश्र वाक्य (iii) सरल वाक्य (iv) आश्रित उपवाक्य (ग) मिश्रित वाक्य का उदाहरण च्निए। (i) शाम ह्ई और वह चली गई। (ii) जिसका मुझे भय था,वही ह्आ। (iii) मेरा एक दोस्त आपके पिताजी को जानता है। (iv) आकाश में बादल छाते ही घनघोर वर्षा होने लगी। (घ) भारतीय सैनिक ऐसे हैं कि कोई उनकी बराबरी नहीं कर सकता। उचित सरल वाक्य होगा-(i) भारतीय सैनिक ऐसे हैं और कोई उनकी बराबरी नहीं कर सकता। (ii) जो भारतीय सैनिक है उनकी कोई बराबरी नहीं कर सकता। (iii) भारतीय सैनिकों की कोई बराबरी नहीं कर सकता। (iv) ऐसे हैं भारतीय सैनिक की कोई उनकी बराबरी नहीं कर सकता। (ङ) वह पुस्तक बह्त अच्छी है। तुम उसकी प्रशंसा कर रहे थे। संयुक्त वाक्य होगा-(i) वह पुस्तक बह्त अच्छी है, तुम उसकी प्रशंसा कर रहे थे। (ii) वह पुस्तक अच्छी है इसलिए तुम उसकी प्रशंसा कर रहे थे। (iii) वह पुस्तक अच्छी है, जिसकी तुम प्रशंसा कर रहे थे। (iv) इनमें से कोई नहीं।

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आपदा आती है तो हम देखते हैं कि क्छ लोग चमत्कारिक रूप से बच जाते हैं। यह बचाने वाली कोई

•	(5)
उपयुक्त मुहावरे से रिक्त	स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए।
. उठाना (iii) बाएँ हाथ क	ग खेल (iv) आँख दिखाना
युक्त मुहावरे से रिक्त स्थ	गन की पूर्ति कीजिए -
(iii)चुल्लू भर पानी देने व	वाला (iv)दुआ माँगने वाला
<u>त खट्टे कर दिए</u> रेखांकित	न मुहावरे का अर्थ है -
(iii)टोपी उछालना	(iv)छाती पीटना
(iii) एक ही बात बार-बार	कहना (iv) शामिल होना
थी। उपयुक्त मुहावरे	से रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति
(ii) अंधे के हाथ बटेर ल	गना
(iv) छोटा मुँह बड़ी बात	
	(5)
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वकल्प चुनकर ।लाखए:-	(4)
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	(iv) नि
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(॥) पार	(iv) परी
(iii) 21 4	(iv) 200
(III) 319	(iv) अप
/iii) ट ा	(iv) za
(III) <i>d</i> ź	(iv) दुव्
	उपयुक्त मुहावरे से रिक्त उठाना (iii) बाएँ हाथ क युक्त मुहावरे से रिक्त स्थ (iii)चुल्लू भर पानी देने व त खट्टे कर दिए रेखांकित (iii)टोपी उछालना

7. निम्नलिखित गदयांश को पढ़कर नीचे दिए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

(5)

अब्बू ने अपना वायदा पूरा किया और हम कल से ही इस्लामाबाद आ गए। रास्ते में बहुत डर लग रहा था, क्योंकि मैंने सुना था कि तालिबान रास्ते में तलाशी लेते हैं। लेकिन अच्छा हुआ कि हमारे साथ ऐसा नहीं हुआ। हम इस्लामाबाद में अब्बू के एक दोस्त के साथ ठहरे हुए हैं। यह एक खूबसूरत शहर है। यहां बड़े-बड़े बंगले और साफ सुथरी सड़के हैं, लेकिन यहां वह नेचुरल ब्यूटी नहीं जो मेरे स्वात में है अब्बू हमें लोक विरसा ले गए लेकर गए स्वात में भी इसी किस्म का म्यूजियम है, लेकिन मालूम नहीं कि वह महफूज रह भी सकेगा या नहीं।

लोक विरसा से निकलकर अब्बू ने एक बूढ़े शख्स से बात की। इस शख्स ने बताया कि उसका ताल्लुक मोहम्मद एजेंसी से है जहां पर फौजी ऑपरेशन शुरू हो गया है "मैं घर बार छोड़कर यहां आया हूं"। इस वक्त मैं अब्बू और अम्मी की आंखों में आंसू देखे।

- (क)इस्लामाबाद आते समय मलाला को डर क्यों लग रहा था?
- (ख) इस्लामाबाद में वह कहां ठहरे थे?
- (ग) मलाला को इस्लामाबाद और स्वात में क्या फर्क दिखाई दिया?
- (घ) लोग विरसा क्या है?
- (ङ) अब्बू और अम्मी की आंखों में आंसू क्यों थे?

8. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:-

(12)

- (क) मलाला स्कूल जाते समय क्यों डर रही थी?
- (ख) लोग सिरचन की ख्शामद क्यों करते थे?
- (ग) भ्रष्टाचार आदि के बीच आक्रोश प्रकट करना कि बात को प्रभावित करता है?
- (घ) बैजू को दरबार की ओर से क्या शर्ते सुनाई गई? बैजूबावरा ने क्यों स्वीकार कर लिया?
- (इ) राज्य धर्म और शरीर का नाश किन परिस्थितियों में होता है?
- (च) नदी को अपना रास्ता बनाने में किन-किन बढ़ाओ और कठिनाइयों का सामना करना पड़ा?
- (छ)डॉक्टर अग्रवाल ने शिक्षक बनने का निर्णय क्यों लिया?

9. निम्नलिखित पांच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए (कथा मंजूषा)

- (क) दोनों बहनों की बातें स्नकर दयनाथ के मत मन में क्या विचार आया?
- (ख) श्याम ने राम के सामने अपने जीवन का वर्णन किस प्रकार किया?
- (ग) झोपड़िया को आग लगाने के आदेश पर कौन परेशान होती उसने रानी से क्या विनती की?
- (घ) पहली बार सेठ जी की हवेली में राजा भोज और कालिदास के साथ कैसा व्यवहार हुआ और क्यों?
- (इ) लेखक ने मारिया के दस रूबल क्यों मारे?
- (इ) युधिष्ठिर ने हिमालय प्रस्थान से पहले क्या किया?
- (च) इंद्र और यमराज ने य्धिष्ठिर की कितनी बार और कौन-कौन सी परीक्षाएं ली

10. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों को पढ़कर नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही विकल्प चुनकर उत्तर लिखिए:- (5)

(i) लेखक के अनुसार जीवन कष्ट कर कब हो जाता है? (जब देशों का पर्दाफाश होगा (ख) जब केवल उन्हीं बातों का हिसाब रखेंगे, जिसमें धोखा खाया है।

Page 8 of 22

- जब लोगों दवारा हिम्मत और ढाढ़स देने की घटना याद रखेंगे
- (घ) जब भ्रष्टाचार के प्रति आक्रोश व्यक्त करते रहेंगे।
- (ii) लेखक ने यात्रियों की बस ड़ाइवर को मारने से क्यों रोका?
 - (क) लेखक को लगा ड्राइवर बेकसूर है। (ख) लेखक को ड्राइवर पर भरोसा था।

 - (ग) लेखक को भाग्य पर भरोसा था। (घ) ड्राइवर की कतार मुद्रा देखकर।
- (iii) तीर और तरंग क्या है?
 - (क) एक जनपदी पत्रिका
 - (ख) जनपदीय की साहित्य का संकलन
 - (ग) म्रादाबाद के कवियों के परिचय व रचनाओं का संकलन
 - (घ) साहित्यकारों के जीवन व रचनाओं का संकलन
- (iv) डॉ अग्रवाल नैनीताल क्यों गए?
 - (क) भ्रमण के लिए
 - (ख) इंटरव्यू देने (ग) मित्र से मिलने
- (घ) नौकरी करने
- (v) डॉ अग्रवाल और उनके मित्र कवि सम्मेलन के लिए किसे आमंत्रित करने गए?
 - (क) कुंवर बेचैन
- (ख) पंडित बनारसी दास चत्रवेंदी (ग) वीरेंद्र शर्मा (घ) काका हाथरसी

11. निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक विषय पर दिए गए संकेत बिंदुओं के आधार पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में अन्च्छेद लिखिए। (5)

- (क) वृक्षारोपण :एक सामाजिक दायित्व है
 - *वृक्षारोपण का अर्थ महत्त्व *वृक्षविहीन धरती का रूप *द्ष्परिणाम
- (ख) प्लास्टिक की द्निया
 - * कृत्रिम पदार्थों में से एक *ग्ण *दोष
- (ग) प्स्तकालय के शिष्टाचार
 - *मौन और शांति *प्स्तकों से छेड़छाड़ नहीं *अधिक लाभ कैसे

बस में आपके साथ कंडक्टर ने अभद्र व्यवहार किया था। कंडक्टर के व्यवहार की शिकायत करते ह्ए परिवहन के महाप्रबंधक के नाम लगभग 100 शब्दों में एक पत्र लिखिए।

12. बच्चों की नई पत्रिका च्नम्न के लिए लगभग 60 शब्दों में विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए । (5)

अथवा

भारत सरकार की ओर से जल संरक्षण की जागरूकता हेतु एक विज्ञापन लगभग 60 शब्दों में तैयार कीजिए।

13. चित्र में दिखाई दे रहे दृश्य का कल्पना शक्ति से लगभग 100 शब्दों में वर्णन कीजिए विचारों का वर्णन स्पष्ट रूप से चित्र से ही संबंध होना चाहिए। (5)



14 मान लीजिए आपकी मुलाकात किसी दूसरे ग्रह के निवासी से हो जाती है, आप क्या बातें करेंगे? इस संवाद को लगभग 100 शब्दों में लिखिए। (5)

अथवा

पार्क में आपको एक छोटा बच्चा मिला है जो अपने माँ-बाप से बिछड़ गया है। उससे आप क्या बात करेंगे? इस संवाद को लगभग 100 शब्दों में लिखिए।

SECTOR-7 EXTN.GURUGRAM, HARYANA

SAMPLE PAPER (2024-2025) Subject: Maths Class: VIII Time: 3Hours M.M: 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- All questions are compulsory.Write the serial number of question before attempting.
- > Revise the paper before submitting.

SECTION - A [1 MARKS EACH]			
1. The value of x for 3x-	9= 12 is		
a) 6	b) 7	c) 8	d) 9
2. The equation 4x -8 +a	a = bx -1 has a unique	solution	
a) for all a and b	b) if a≠7	c) if b≠4	d) if b≠ 0
3. x is 75% of y. The pe	rcentage of y to x is		
a) 133 $\frac{1}{3}$ %	b) 125%	c) 25%	d)33 1 %
4. What is the value of	c and y if $\frac{1}{20} = \frac{x}{100} = $ y%.		J
a) 5	b) 10	c) 15	d) 20
5. Express 13% as a de	ecimal.		
a) 0.013	b) 0.13	c) 1.3	d) 1.03
6. Given two quantities >	and y. If an increase in	n x cause a proportionate de	ecrease in y such that
their product remain	constant then x and y a	re said to be	
a) Independent	b) Directly related	c) Inversely related	d) None of these
7. Which of these quant	ities does not vary inve	ersely?	
a) Speed and di	stance		
b) Number of pe	rson and time taken to	finish the work	
c) Speed and tin			
	ys and number of days	the food lasts	
8. C.I. and S.I. for one y			
a) Not equal	, .	c) C.I. > S.I.	•
		ite of 7% p.a. What will be the	
a) 1000 rs	,	,	d) 2000 rs
10. If cost of pencils is F			
a) 20	b) 40	c) 60	d) 80
11. A figure is an equiar			
,	b) Regular polyg	•	d) None of these
	•	nany men can build it in 10 c	•
a) 8	b) 4	c) 7	d) 6
13. A cylinder has			
a)3	b) 4	c) 5	d) 6
		a square drawn on its diago	
a) 1:1	b) 1:2	c) 1:3	d) 1:4
15. Volume of a cube w	•		
a) 8x³	b) 4x ³	c) 3x ³	d) 2x ³

a) 3x	b) 2x	c) 4x	d) 8x
17.A triangle has	element.		
a) six	b) four	c) three	d) two
18. What is the meas	sure of the angle opposit	te to hypotenuse?	
a) 60°	b) 90°	c) 45°	d) 120°
	estion, a statement of As t option from the followin	sertion (A) is followed by a g option:	statement of Reason (R).

a) Both Assertion and Reason are true and Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion.

- b) Both Assertion and Reason are true and Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion.
- c) Assertion is true but Reason is false.
- d) Assertion is false but Reason is true.
- 19. Assertion: Area of a rectangle = length x breadth Reason: Area is the space occupied by a closed figure.
- 20. Assertion: The number of sides of a quadrilateral is 4.

 Reason: In geometry a quadrilateral is 4 sided polygon having four edge and four corner

SECTION -B [2 MARKS EACH]

- 21. The length of rectangle is 8cm more than its width. If the perimeter of rectangle is 44cm. Find the length and breadth of the rectangle.
- 22. A shopkeeper buys 5 fans for ₹ 4050. He spends ₹ 50 on transportation. He sells them at a gain of 15%. Find the selling price of a fan.
- 23. Saba deposited Rs.12,000 in a bank for 3 years which pays 6% interest per year. Find the compound interest and amount.
- 24. 5 teachers can correct 500 examination papers in 1 week. How many teachers would be employed to correct 1500 papers in the same time?
- 25. 8 taps having the same rate of flow, fill a tank in 27 minutes. If two taps go out of order, how long will the remaining taps take to fill the tank?

SECTION-C[3 MARKS EACH]

- 26. Solve and find value of $x: \frac{7x-1}{4} \frac{1}{7}(2x \frac{1-x}{2}) = 4$
- 27. A trader marks his goods 20% above the cost price. He sells them at a discount of 20%. If the cost price is ₹ 1100, what is his gain or loss per cent?28.How long will it take for ₹3500 to become ₹3850 if the interest is charged at the rate of 2% per annum?
- 28.In an auditorium, 300 tickets were sold. The total sale of tickets was ₹1250. If the tickets were of

two denominations of ₹ 2.50 and ₹ 5.00. How many of each denomination were sold?

- 29. Amna purchased biscuits for ₹ 80, the rate of VAT being 5%. She also bought tined food for ₹ 60 on which rate of VAT is 8%. She gives a 100 rupee note to the shopkeeper. Find the balance amount returned to her.
- 30. Find the time if Rs. 8000 lent at C.I. at 20% amount to Rs. 8820; the interest being compounded quarterly.
- 31. Given that x varies inversely as y when x=3, y=30. Find

- i) y when x=2
- ii) x when y=10

SECTION - D [5 MARKS EACH]

- 32. Golu lent polu Rs. 32,500 to purchase a bike at 12.5% per annum. If the interest is compounded semi annually, find the interest paid by Polu after $1\frac{1}{2}$ years.
 - 33. Two trains 350m and 250m long are going at 42 km/hr and 30 km/hr respectively in opposite direction. How long would it take them to pass each other?

34. There are 1800 creatures in a Zoo as per list given below:

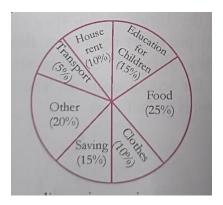
Beast animal	Other land	Birds	Water	Reptile
	animal		animal	
300	800	350	250	100

Represent the above data using a pie charts.

35. The perimeter of a triangle is 288m and the ratio of the sides is 3: 4: 5. Find the area of triangle

SECTION - E CASE STUDY[4 MARKS EACH]

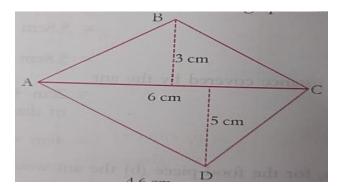
36. The pie chart given here gives the expenditure on various items and savings of a family during a month.



_				
Answer	tha	fol	lowing	
Allowei	เมเษ	IUI	iowiiia	

- I. Expenditure is maximum on_____
- II. The item on which expenditure is equal to the total saving of the family is ...
- III. If the monthly saving of the family is Rs. 3000, then the monthly expenditure on clothes is

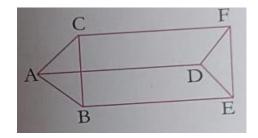
37. A quadrilateral ABCD is given in the following figure:



Answer the following:

I. Find the area of triangle ABC.

- II. Find the area of triangle ACD.
- III. Find the area of ABCD.
- 38. Observe the figure and answer the following:



- I. Name the figure.

- II. How many vertices it has?
 III. How many edges it has?
 IV. Verify the Euler's Formula.

SECTOR-7 EXTN.GURUGRAM, HARYANA **SAMPLE PAPER (2024-2025)**

Subject: Science Class: VIII Time: 3Hours M.M: 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- All questions are compulsory.Write the serial number of question before attempting.
- > Revise the paper before submitting.

Tick ($$) the correct a	nswer in each of the f	ollowing.		
1. Which of these our	usual science of puber	ty?		
(i) A growth spurt	(ii) A change in voice	(iii) Acne and increa	ased swea	ting (iv) All of these
2. Which of these is a	reproductive process s	hown in Hydra?		
(i) Budding	(ii) Binary fission	(iii) Through eggs	(iv) By	giving birth to babies
3. The SI unit of force	is			
(i) metres per secon	nd (ii) Newton	(iii) Pascal	(iv) Newto	n per meter
4. Rubber suckers sti	ck to a smooth surface b	pecause of		
(i) the temperature of	of the smooth surface.	(ii) moisture		
(iii) atmospheric pres	ssure (iv) small hole	es in the rubber sucke	er that allov	w air to pass through
5. An electrolyte is a /	an			
(i) electrode (iii) cell that produce	•	(ii) liquid that conduc (iv) positively charged		ty
6. Plate tectonics is a (i) charges (iii) structure of the	theory about surface of the earth	(ii) lightning (iv) structure o	f the inner	core of the earth
7.The left- right revers	sal of a image formed by	y a plane mirror is cal	led	
(i) convergence	(ii) lateral inversion	(iii) inverted image	(iv) d	iminished image
8. Crecent and first զւ	uarter are			
(i) phases of the mo	on (ii) satellite of Mars	s (iii) stars of the l	Milky Way	(iv) constellations
9. For the same pitch,	a louder sound would h	nave		
(i) greater amplitude	e (ii) greater frequency	/ (iii) lower amplitu	ıde	(iv) lower frequency
10. In humans, the vo	cal folds are present in	the		
(i) neck	(ii) ear	(iii) mouth		(iv) nose
11.Which of these wo	uld produce a diffused r	eflection?		
(i) A mirror	(ii) A sheet of glass	(iii) A new steel	plate	(iv) A rough wall
12. During electrolysis	5,			
• *	on take place at the ano		pectively	

- (iii) an electric current pass through the electrolyte (iv) all of the above
- 13. Atmospheric pressure acts
 - (i) upwards
- (ii) downwards
- (iii) east to west
- (iv) in all directions

- 14. Ball bearings are used to
 - (i) give a streamlined shape (ii) increase grip (iii) increase drag

- (iv) reduce friction
- 15. In order to cut through a material easily. The edge of a knife should have
 - (i) a large area
- (ii) a rough surface
- (iii) ball bearings
- (iv) a very small area

- 16. Which of these star is closest to the Earth?
 - (i) Alpha Centauri
- (ii) Alpha Ori
- (iii) The Sun
- (iv) The Moon

SECTION-B Case study

17. All vibrations can produce waves. However, our ears are sensitive only to a very small portion of these vibrations that fall in a certain frequency range called the audible frequency range. The audible frequency range is 20Hz to 20,000 Hz for human beings.

Answer the following questions:

- (i) Which of the vibrations above will not produce sounds that we can hear?
- (ii) Elephants communicate using infrasonic frequencies, what frequency range would that be?
- 18. Define adolescence. Name two hormones that bring about changes in adolescence in girls.
- 19. What are gametes? Name the male gamete and female gamete.
- 20. Write two disadvantages of friction.
- 21. How does the pressure in a liquid vary with depth?

What is the approximate value of atmospheric pressure on the surface of the Earth at sea level?

Name the instrument used to measure atmospheric pressure.

- 22. List two application of electroplating.
- 23. What is earthing? Why is earthing important to us?
- 24. Explain dispersion with the help of diagram of a prism.
- 25. Lis two steps by which we can save ourselves being struck from lightning during thunderstorm.

SECTION - C

- 26. State the laws of reflection. Explain with diagram.
- 27. Define: a) Diffused reflection b) Multiple reflection c) Nutrition and eye health
- 28. Give reasons for the following.
 - (a) Needles have a sharp point.
 - (b) Presence of salt in water increases conductivity.
 - (c) Sound cannot travel in vacuum.
- 29. Give one word for the following:
 - (a) Height above sea level.
 - (b) Instrument used to measure force.
 - (c) The process of fusion of male and female gamete to produce new organism.
 - (d) The chemical substances secreted by the glands.
 - (e) Name of a constellation.
 - (f) Name of an artificial satellite.

- 30. Give a brief description of how sound propagates from vibrating membrane of a drum to our ears.
- 31. Describe the stepwise process of fertilization in human beings.
- 32. (a) What is reproduction?
 - (b) Explain and name the asexual reproduction in amoeba and hydra.
- 33. Give two examples for the following:
 - (a) Name of two defects of eye.
 - (b) Name two methods of charging electrically neutral objects.
 - (c) Name of two percussion instruments.

SECTION - D

34. With the help of labelled diagram ,explain the process of electrorefining.

OR

Suggest four ways by which we can reduce noise pollution.

35. Label the diagram of structure of human eye with the help of following words: Retina, optic nerve, cornea, pupil, aqueous humour, vitreous humour, lens,iris.

SECTOR-7 EXTN.GURUGRAM, HARYANA

Class: VIII SAMPLE PAPER (2024-2025) Subject: Social

Science Time : 3Hours

M.M: 80
GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

> All questions are compulsory.

- > Write the serial number of question before attempting.
- > Revise the paper before submitting.

Multiple Choice Questions		(1x20=20)
 Who founded the Asiatic Society of Benga (a) William Jones (b) Henry Thomas For Gandhiji, education meant training of 	(c) Charles Wood	(d) James Mill
(a) body and brain(b) heart and body3. Raja Rammohan Roy founded the		(d) brain and heart
(a) Brahmo Samaj (b) Arya Samaj 4. Who was popularly known as Periyar?	(c) Roy Samaj	(d) Anando Samaj
(a) Rama swami Naickar (b) Sri Naraya Phule	ana Guru (c)Swami Vi	ivekananda (d)Jyoti Rao
5. Commercial capital of colonial India.		
(a) Calcutta (b) Madras	(c) Bombay	(d)Delhi
6. Which British colony became independent		· ,
(a) Singapore (b) Malaysia		(d)None of these
7.Name the fort built by the British.	()	, ,
(a) Fort Philip (b) Fort William	(c) Red Fort	(d)Fort George
8. Which is known as 'the Golden Fibre'?	. ,	
(a) Jute (b) Coffee	(c) Cotton	(d) Tea
9.Cultivation of Grapes		
(a) Sericulture (b) Viticulture	(c) Horticulture	(d) Pisciculture
10.The Silicon valley of India is in		
(a) Chennai (b) Bengaluru		(d) Srinagar
11 plays an important role in prov		
(a) Judiciary (b) Police station	n (c) Village Panchay	at (d) State Government
12. The link between criminal and court		
(a) Police (b) Judge	(c) Government	(d) None of these
13. Under Article, untouchability has be	een abolished.	
(a) 15 (b) 17		(d) 16
14. Who started All India Anti-untouchability		
(a) Mahatma Gandhi (b) Jyotiba Phule		
15. The Central Railway station of Bombay i		
(a) Neo-classical (b) Neo- Gothic	(c) Neo- Urban	(d) Neo- British
16. Who founded Shantiniketan?		
(a) Rabindranath Tagore (b) Mahatma Ga Roy		nanda (d) Raja Rammohan
17. Which British Governor General banned		
(a) William Bentinck (b) James Mill	(c) Macaulay	(d) William Jone
18. Who founded Widow's Home at Pune?	, , - ,	
(a) Pandita Ramabai (b) Tarabai	(c) Rash Sundari De	ebi (d) Vidyasagar
19. In 1874,the British enacted the		
(a) Widow Remarriage Act (b)Child Marr	rage Act(c) Right to Pro	perty Act (d) Untouchability Act
20. The Public Prosecutor is appointed by	() 01 1 0	() D: (: (C) ;
(a) High court (b) Supreme Court	(c) State Government	t (d) District Court

SECTION - B

Very Short Answer Type Questions

(2X4=8)

- 21. Name the building in Bombay which were made in neo-classical style.
- 22. What were the motives of British educational Policy?
- 23. What do you mean Subsistence farming?
- 24. What is untouchability?

SECTION - C

Short Answer Type Questions

(3X5=15)

- 25. What are the laws implemented to abolish Manual Scavenging?
- 26. How are the Public Prosecutors appointed?
- 27. List out the physical and human factors of industrial location.
- 28. State Jyoti Rao Phule's contribution to the Indian society.
- 29. What lifestyle did the Europeans adopt in hill stations?

OR

What were the recreation activities based on the European cultural tradition?

SECTION - D

Long Answer Type Questions

Case Based Questions

(5x4=20)

30. Explain the Indian Caste system. How did it harm Indian society?

OR

Why did the British introduce the railways in India? How did it benefit the Indians?

- 31. State the geographical conditions favourable for the cultivation of rice and wheat.
- 32. Discuss the locational advantages for the development of the Cotton Textile Industry in Ahmadabad.
- 33. What are the functions performed by the Public Prosecutor?

SECTION - E

34. Read the given source and answer the questions that follow:

(4x3=12)

Martin Luther King Jr. was an American clergy man, activist, the leader in the African-American civil rights by non violent means. He believed in the principles of Mahatma Gandhi. On 14 October 1964 he received the Nobel Peace Prize for his struggle against racial discrimination through peaceful means. He is still remembered for the spirit of equality among the black African-American in United States of America.

(a) Who was Martin Luther King Jr.? (1)

(b) Who inspired Martin Luther King Jr.'s non-violent approach to civil rights? (1)

(c) What was he awarded for his efforts in 1964?

(d) What is he remembered for in the United States? (1)

35. Read the given source and answer the questions that follow:

Full name Thomas Babington Macaulay, was a British historian. His writings are considered literary masterpieces of the British history. He was instrumental in introducing English and western concepts to education in India. He was of the opinion that India is uncivilized, and it is the duty of the British as the ruler, to make India civilized. Infact his thoughts reflected that sense of racial arrogance towards the Indians. Whatever may have been his thoughts about the Indians, we owe our the present English education system to the thought of Lord Macaulay.

(a) What is the full name of Lord Macaulay?	(1)
(b) How are his writings considered?	(1)
(c) How is Macaulay's opinion towards Indians?	(2)

36. Read the given source and answer the questions that follow:

Farming has provided a livelihood for 60% of India's population. India has the maximum net sown area in the world. On agriculture farm in India the yield per hectare is much smaller as compared to the big farms in the countries like USA, Canada and Australia. It is because in India farming is mainly of intensive subsistence type. The average size of land holdings is about 2.4 hectares. Most of the farm work is done by either animal labour or human labour. Farming in India is mainly depend on the monsoons. The farmers are generally poor and illiterate. Food crops are mainly grown for their own consumption. Methods of farming traditional with less use of quality seeds, fertilizers, machines etc. There is a lack of credit and storage facilities and the yield per hectare also is very low. The standard of living of farmers in India is very poor.

(a) Which type of farming is followed in India? (2)

(b) What is the season on which farming mainly depends? (1)

(c) What are the method followed in India for farming practices? (1)

SECTION - F

Map Skills Based Questions.

(1x5=5)

37. (A)Label the following on the political map of the world.

- (1) Cotton producers of South America.
- (2) Jute producers in Asia.

(B)Label the following industries on the political map of India.

- (1) Bengaluru
- (2) Jamshedpur
- (3) Ahmedabad

पोल स्टार पब्लिक स्कूल सैक्टर 7 एक्सटेंशन ग्रुग्राम (हरियाणा)

सामयिक परीक्षा - 4 (2024-2025) कक्षा - आठवीं विषय - संस्कृत

क्ल अंक : 40 समय: 1 घंटा

सामान्य निर्देश :-

> सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।

> लेख सुंदर व स्पष्ट हो।

<u>खंड - क (अपठितअवबोधनम)</u>

1. गद्यांशं पठित्वा अधोलिखितानां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत।

(5) विद्यालयस्य पूर्वभागे एकः प्स्तकालयः अस्ति । प्स्तकालये विविधाः ग्रन्थाः सन्ति । ग्रन्थाः अस्मान् ज्ञानं प्रयच्छन्ति । छात्राः अवकाश- समयस्य सदुपयोगाय पुस्तकालये आगच्छन्ति । पुस्तकालये विविधाः पत्र-पत्रिकाः

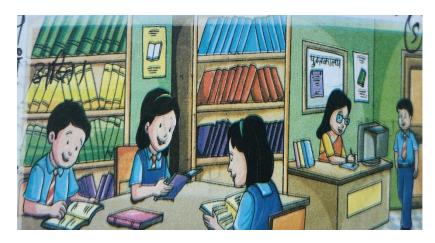
सन्ति । पुस्तकालय – अध्यक्षः अपि सहजः सरलश्च अस्ति । पुस्तकालयः वातानुकूलितम् अस्ति । पुस्तकालये संसाधनानाम् अभावः क्त्राऽपि नावलोकितः ।

- (क) विदयालयस्य पूर्वभागे किम् अस्ति ?
- (ख) प्स्तकालयः कीदृशम् अस्ति ?
- (ग) ग्रन्थाः अस्मान् किं प्रयच्छन्ति ?
- (घ) पुस्तकालये विविधाः के सन्ति ?
- (इ) छात्राः किमर्थं पुस्तकालये आगच्छन्ति ?

2 चित्रं दृष्ट्वा मञ्ज्षायाः सहायतया संस्कृत वाक्यानि लिखत।

(5)

(प्स्तकालयः, छात्राः, प्स्तकानि, तृष्णीं, शिक्षकः, प्स्तकालयाध्यक्षा, पठन्ति, चित्राणि, कपाटिकाः, संगणके, कार्यं)



3 " मम - परिचय" इति विषयमधिकृत्य पञ्च वाक्यानि लिखत ।

(5)

4 अधोलिखतानां शब्दानां विभक्तीः लिखत.।

(5)

विभक्तिः शब्दः

- (i) मतयः
- (ii) शिक्षायै

(iii) मनोरमया (iv) मर्तेषाम	
(v) वारिषु।	
5 उपसर्ग-आधारितान् शब्दान् संयोज्य विभज्य वा लिखत (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्)	(2)
(i) अपयशः = +	
(ii) अनु + भवसि =	
(iii) आहार: = +	
(iv) सम् + तुष्टः =	
6 मंजूषातः अङ्कानां कृते पदानि चिनुत। 40, 22, 36	(3)
7. अधोलिखितानां शब्दानां संस्कृतेन लिखत।	(5)
(i) क <u>छ</u> आ =	
(ii) अमरूद =	
(iii) गाजर =	
(iv) बैंगन =	
(v) रसोई =	
8 गद्यांशं पठित्वा अधोलिखितानां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत।	(5)
अस्माकं पुस्तकालयः नगरस्य रमणीये स्थाने वर्तते। अस्य भवनं विशालं सुन्दरं चास्ति। अस्मिन् पुस्तकालर	ये
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भूमिका वर्तते।	
प्रश्ना:	
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8	
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(ङ) "अस्य भवन ।वशाल सुन्दर चास्ति।" उपयुक्त वाक्य सवनामपद 'अस्य' स्थान सज्ञापद किमस्ति'?	
9 'तिष्ठ्' धातु विधिलिङ्ग् लकारः लिखत।	(5)
	(iv) सर्वेषाम् (v) वारिषु। 5 उपसर्ग-आधारितान् शब्दान् संयोज्य विभज्य वा लिखत (केवलं प्रश्नवयम्) (i) अपयशः = +

DRAWING

Emboss Painting, Silhouette Painting, Page no. 24,25,30